

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend Claims 35, 39, 42, 43, 44, 56, 60, 61, 65 and 70, and add new Claims 73 and 74 as shown below. The claims, as pending in the subject application, now read as follows:

1. to 30. (Canceled)

31. (Previously presented) A method of detecting a face in a color digital image formed of a plurality of pixels, said method comprising the steps of:

selecting a color distribution model from a plurality of color distribution models, the selection being dependent on at least one image capture condition provided with the color digital image;

testing the color of the plurality of pixels to determine those pixels having predominantly skin color, the testing utilizing the selected color distribution model; and

executing a facial feature analysis based on the pixels determined as having predominantly skin color in the testing step.

32. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 31, wherein the at least one image capture condition is acquired at a time the color digital image is captured.

33. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 32, wherein the color digital image is encoded according to a predetermined format and the at least one image capture condition is represented as meta-data associated with the predetermined format.

34. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 31 wherein the at least one image capture condition comprises lighting conditions at a time the color digital image was captured.

35. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 31, wherein said testing step comprises the sub-step, preceding the testing, of dividing the color digital image into a plurality of regions, each region comprising a plurality of pixels,

wherein the testing is performed on pixels within each region to determine those ones of the plurality of regions that are predominantly skin color, and said executing ~~subjecting~~ step comprises performing the ~~further~~ facial feature analysis on only those regions determined to be predominantly of skin color.

36. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 31, wherein the selected color distribution model has been generated using previously sampled facial image data.

37. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 36, wherein the color distribution model is generated for a particular image capture device.

38. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 36, wherein separate color distribution models are generated for different image capture conditions.

39. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 38, wherein the at least one image capture condition comprises lighting conditions at a time the color digital image was captured and separate color distribution models are generated for different lighting conditions at a time the previously sampled facial image data was captured.

40. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 39, wherein separate color distribution models are generated for groups of images taken with a flash and images taken without a flash.

41. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 39, wherein separate color distribution models are generated for groups of images taken indoors and images taken outdoors.

42. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 31 [[36]], wherein each color distribution model is represented as a frequency histogram of color representation vectors.

43. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 31 [[36]], wherein each color distribution model is represented as a probability distribution of color representation vectors.

44. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 31 [[36]], wherein each color distribution model is represented as a binary map of color representation vectors.

45. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 42, 43 or 44, wherein the color representation vectors are derived from perceptual color space values of predetermined skin-color pixels in the previously sampled facial image data.

46. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 42, 43 or 44, wherein color representation vectors contain chromatic color values derived from those RGB values of predetermined skin-color pixels in the previously sampled facial image data.

47. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 44, wherein the binary map comprises a percentage of the skin color pixels that were identified in the previously sampled facial image data.

48. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 47, wherein one of the plurality of pixels is classified as being skin color if the color representation vector corresponding thereto occurs within the binary map.

49. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 42, wherein each of the plurality of pixels is classified as being skin color if the frequency of the color representation vector corresponding thereto exceeds a predetermined threshold frequency.

50. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43, wherein each of the plurality of pixels is classified as being skin color if the probability of the color representation vector corresponding thereto exceeds a predetermined probability threshold.

51. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 35, wherein one of the plurality of regions is determined to be predominantly skin color if more than a predetermined percentage of the total number of pixels in the one region are classified as being skin color.

52. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 35, wherein the plurality of regions are geometrically divided from the color digital image.

53. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 35, wherein the plurality of regions are formed of pixels having substantially homogenous color.

54. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 53, wherein the plurality of regions are formed using a region growing method based upon color differences.

55. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 35, wherein said subjecting step is independent of face color.

56. (Currently amended) An apparatus for detecting a face in a color digital image formed of a plurality of pixels, said apparatus comprising:

means for selecting a color distribution model from a plurality of color distribution models, the selection being dependent on at least one image capture condition provided with the color digital image;

means for testing the color of the plurality of pixels to determine those pixels having predominantly skin color, said testing means utilizing the selected color distribution model; and

means for executing a facial feature analysis based on the pixels determined as having predominantly skin color by the means for testing ~~in the testing step~~.

57. (Previously presented) An apparatus according to claim 56, wherein the at least one image capture condition is acquired at a time the color digital image is captured.

58. (Previously presented) An apparatus according to claim 57, wherein the color digital image is encoded according to a predetermined format and the at least one image capture condition is represented as meta-data associated with the predetermined format.

59. (Previously presented) An apparatus according to claim 56, wherein the at least one image capture condition comprises lighting conditions at a time the color digital image was captured.

60. (Currently amended) An apparatus according to claim 56, wherein said means for testing comprises means for dividing the color digital image into a plurality of regions, each region comprising a plurality of pixels,

wherein said means for testing operates on pixels within each region to determine those ones of the plurality of regions that are predominantly skin color and said means for ~~executing~~ ~~subjecting~~ causes the ~~further~~ facial feature analysis to be performed on only those regions determined to be predominantly of skin color.

61. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium incorporating a computer program product for detecting a face in a color digital image formed of a plurality of pixels, said computer program product comprising:

code for selecting a color distribution model from a plurality of color distribution models, the selection being dependent on at least one image capture condition provided with the color digital image;

code for testing the color of the plurality of pixels to determine those pixels having predominantly skin color, the testing utilizing the selected color distribution model; and

code for executing facial feature analysis based on the pixels determined as having predominantly skin color by the code for testing ~~in the testing step~~.

62. (Previously presented) A computer readable medium according to claim 61, wherein the at least one image capture condition is acquired at a time the color digital image is captured.

63. (Previously presented) A computer readable medium according to claim 62, wherein the color digital image is encoded according to a predetermined format and the at least one image capture condition is represented as meta-data associated with the predetermined format.

64. (Previously presented) A computer readable medium according to claim 61, wherein the at least one image capture condition comprises lighting conditions at a time the color digital image was captured.

65. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium according to claim 61, wherein said code for testing comprises code for dividing the color digital image into a plurality of regions, each region comprising a plurality of pixels,

wherein said code for testing operates on pixels within each region to determine those ones of the plurality of regions that are predominantly skin color, and said code for ~~executing~~ ~~subjecting~~ causes the ~~further~~ facial feature analysis to be performed on only those regions determined to be predominantly of skin color.

66. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 31, wherein said testing step utilizes at least one threshold for determining whether a pixel has predominantly skin color, the threshold selected using the at least one image capture condition.

67. to 69. (Canceled)

70. (Currently amended) A method of detecting a face in a color digital image formed of a plurality of pixels, said method comprising the steps of:

testing the color of the plurality of pixels to determine those pixels having predominantly skin color, the testing utilizing at least one threshold dependent on at least one image capture condition provided with the color digital image, said image capture condition being expressed as metadata and not depending on a brightness of the digital image data; and
executing a facial feature analysis based on the pixels determined as having predominantly skin color in the testing step.

71. (Previously presented) A method of detecting a face in a color digital image formed of a plurality of pixels, said method comprising the steps of:

selecting a threshold from a plurality of thresholds, the selection being dependent on at least one image capture condition provided with the color digital image, said image capture condition being expressed as metadata;

testing the color of the plurality of pixels to determine those pixels having predominantly skin color, the testing utilizing at least one threshold; and

executing a facial feature analysis based on the pixels determined as having predominantly skin color in the testing step.

72. (Previously presented) A computer readable medium having a computer program recorded thereon and executable to make a computer detect a face in a color digital image formed of a plurality of pixels, said program comprising:

code for selecting a threshold from a plurality of thresholds, the selection being dependent on at least one image capture condition provided with the color digital image, said image capture condition being expressed as metadata;

code for testing the color of the plurality of pixels to determine those pixels having predominantly skin color, the testing utilizing the selected threshold; and

code for executing a facial feature analysis based on the pixels determined as having predominantly skin color in the testing step.

73. (New) A method according to claim 71, wherein the at least one image capture condition comprises lighting conditions at a time the color digital image was captured.

74. (New) A method according to claim 71, wherein said threshold comprises a color distribution model selected from a plurality of color distribution , models, the selected color distribution model having been generated using previously sampled facial image data.